mind. That first sentence of John Milton, in a little tract on Education, has a ring in it which will be heard all along down the ages: "I am long since per beard all along suaded, that to do or say aught worth nemery or imitation, no purpose should sooner move us than simply the love of God and mankind. The end of learning is to repair the ruins of our first parents, by learning to know God aright, and out of that knowledge to be like Our youth must proceed, by steady pace of learning, onward, till they have conformed and solidly united the while body of their perfected knowledge, like the last embattling of a Ro-man legion." Thus armed for our work, inspired with this high purpose against failure and disappointment, may be supported by something like that heroic confidence which sustained the Divine Singer, when the burden of care and danger, of poverty and old age blindness pressed him down so

In prophetic dream he saw The youth unborn, with plous awe. Imbibe each virtue from his sacred page.

The Enrhon Advocate.

H. V. MORTHIMER, EDITOR.

LEHIGHTON, PA.:

SATURDAY MORNING DECEMBER 6, 1873.

The President's Message.

The following synopsis of the President's Message is copied from the New York Sun of Wednesday :

As might be expected, the subject of Cuba occupies a pretty large space. Not an important fact relating to the recent transactions in that Island and the consequent negotiations with Spain is set ticipated by the newspaper press of this country and England.

The President admits that political partisanship has ceased to exist in the agricultural districts He assumes that a constitutional amen. ment will be submitted to the State Legislatures by the present Covgress, providing for a better method of electing the President and Vice-President, and in that connection suggests two other amendments. The first authorizes the President to veto a part of biil without vetoing the whole of it, the disapproved portions being subject to the same rules as other vetoed measures, and also that during the last twenty-four hours of its session Congress shall act only upon vetoed messages. The second provides that at extra sessions only such matters shall be considered by Congress as are brought before it by written messages from the Executive.

The President announces that the receipts of the Government in excess of its expenditures are, according to the figuring of the Treasury Depaitment, \$43,892,959; but he doubts if it can be so well again. Indeed he thinks it will be hard to keep even, and recommends economy in appropriations and economy in their expenditure. He especially suggests retrenchment in regard to publie buildings in cities where the work has not commenced, and in the improvement of rivers and harbors, except for purposes of defense or in the interest of general commerce. He also advises eaution in the payment of losses incurred in the suppression of the rebellion. He, however, thinks the Government should own its own buildings, and suggests the erection of suitable residences for members of the Cabinet, which he hopes will induce the States to build similar establishments for their Senators.

He thinks the recent panic may have been a blessing in disguise, but considers that we have had enough of a good thing, if we only take advantage of the benefits which have already accrued. His view is that a long step has been taken toward specie payments; that our permanent prosperity depends upon a resumption of a specie basis, which can never be reached and maintained until our exports so nearly pay for our imports, the interest held upon the debt held abroad, and our other specie obligations, as to leave an appreciable accumulation of the precious metals from the product of our mines. He says the increase in our population and the constant development of the country, particularly of railroad and manufacturing interests, have worked a virtual contraction of the currency, and while inflation is not desirable, elasticity is. The last he thinks might be obtained by allowing the national banks to increase their circulation forty per cent, upon their depositing bonds with the department, the face value of which should be equal to the amount of additional circulation, the banks, however, to forfeit four per cent, of the interest upon such bonds while hypothecated, but to be permitted to redeem them at any time with their own circulating notes. The President thinks there is none too much currency now for the dullest portion of the year, without considering the increased demand for moving the crops. He therefore leaves to the consideration of Congress the propriety of a free banking law. He recommends postal savings banks, and thinks they would be of great value to the freedmen. He favors American shipbuilding and the board with a rope.

The board with a rope.

The board continued to search the conlargement of the Eric and Illinois waters in the vicinity of the disaster

canals, thus opening a highway for

grain from the Mississippi to the sea, It is suggested that we prepare for war in time of peace by improving our seacoast defences, and adding to the strength of the navy. Liberal appropriations are recommended for the latter, and the President expresses great gratification that the horrors of the late panic were so much mitigated by the employment of several thousand men upon the new sloops of war now being constructed.

The message recommends legislation to prevent anarchy in Utah, and also a repeal of the Bankrupt act, at least that part of it relating to involuntary bankruptcy, by means of which careful and prudent financiers who have undertaken enterprises of ample magnitude may be seriously inconvenienced.

The President congratulates himself upon the beneficial results of his Indian policy, and favors the placing of all Indians in the Indian Territory under a territorial form of government.

Attention is called to the beauty of the capitol. The very efficient management of the Board of Public Works is spoken of in high terms, and a liberal policy is recommended toward the District of Columbia. The message concludes with a plea for civil service reform, a recommendation that Colorado be admitted into the Union, that an irrigating canal be constructed from the Rocky Mountains to the Missouri river, and that bills be passed granting general amnesty, and to better secure civil rights to the enfranchised slave.

Altogether the message is rather a weak effusion for a President. It is a ramforth whose substance had not been an- bling, disjointed affair, and gives to the public very little information they did not possess before.

> A Washington dispatch of December 1st, says: The public debt has increased \$9,028,576,84. Coin in the Treasu.y. \$83,709,987; coin certificates, \$30,220,-600; currency in the Treasury, \$1,206,-440: legal tenders outstanding, \$366. 922,018; special deposit of legal tenders held for the redemption of certificates of deposit, \$20,150,000.

> General Lewis T. Wigfall, formerly United States Senator from Texas, Monday applied for admission to the Baltimore city bar. The customary oath of allegiance to the United States, the Constitution, laws, and Government thereof, was administered, and ex-Senator Wigfall was admitted to practise as an attorney.

The Secretary of the Navy's report says that there are in the navy 165 vessels, carrying 1,260 guns. Eight sloops of war are being built. Improvements on the iron-clad fleet have been made as far as the appropriations permitted. The cruise of the Polaris has been the most successful of all arctic expenditions. The Secretary is satisfied that Capt. Hall died from natural causes. The estimates for the next fiscal year are \$19,252,235, and \$864,589 for current repairs. The reportends with the suggestion that appropriations be made sufficient to keep the navy in a condition for active service.

Steamship Disaster.

LONDON, Dec. 1.—The ship Trimount-nin, frem New York, arrived at Cardiff at an early hour this morning, bringing intelligence of a dreadful disaster to the steamship Ville du Havre, which left New York, Nov. 15, for Havre, under

At 2 o'clock on the morning of the 23d of November the Ville du Havre came in collision with the British ship Loch Earn, from London for New York, and ink soon after. Two hundred and twentw-six of the

persons on the steamship lost their lives. The Trimountain received eighty seven of her passengers and crew and brought them to Cardiff.

The following additional particulars of the loss of the Ville du Havre have been gathered from officers and passen-

gers at Cardiff:
The Ville du Havre experienced thick fog until the 20th. At the time of the collision the weather was clear, little wind was blowing, but there was a heavy sea. The Captain had just re-tired, and the second officer was in charge. The lights on the stenmer were all right. The collision was wholly un-

The Loch Earn struck the steamer amidships, and made a chasm twelve feet deep and from twenty-five to thirty feet wide. The exact position of the Ville do Havre at the time was lat. 47, 21, ion, 35, 31. Panic took possession of the passengers. Five minutes after the collision the main and mizzenmasts fell across two large boats which

crushed to pieces, and many of their occupants killed and injured. In the brief interval between the collision and the sinking of the steamer the crew were able to lunch only a whale

Don't and the Captain's gig.

The Loch Earn went a mile before stopping. She then got out four boats to pick up the people strucgling in the water. Mearwhile the whale boat under command of the Second Lieutenant of the Ville du Havre picked up one load of those who were clinging to the planks, spars, &c., and took them to the Loch Earn. She returned to the scene and rescued another load.

Capt. Surmont, who remained on deck to the last, was rescued by this boat three justers of an hour after the collision. One of his officers swam a mile to the Loch Earn, and was hauled on

until there was no hope of saving more lives. The cold was intense. Many of the survivors were immersed two bours. and were almost lifeless when rescued.

The ship Trimountain sighted Loch Earn at 8 a.m., six hours after the sinking of the steamer, and received the survivors. The sayed speak in the highest terms of the kindness of Capt. Urquhart, her commander.

There were eighty-seven saved from The captain, five officers fifty-four of the crew and twenty-seven passengers.

News of the Week.

Andrew Stratton, aged twenty-two, and his daughter aged two, have been starved to death at Bridgeton, New

The soldiers of Iown are moving in behalf of a change in the Homestead law, to the end that they may have their homesteads without actually living upon them.

-'The annual report of the Commis sioner of Internal Revenue discloses the interesting fact that the receipts from the distillation and sale of spirituous liquors amount to more than one-half of whole sum realized from internal revenue.

A most excellent artisan in Buffalo had a sign, "Adam Good, brass foun-der." A countryman coming to market thought it a very strange sign—an im-pious sign—for he read it, "A-dam-good-brass-founder." Singularly enough his wife was named Eve.

An old lady named Catharine Kroehl, was found in her house in the suburbs of Harrisburg, on Friday morning of last week, brutally beaten around the head. She was removed to the City Hospital, where she died Sunday. clue to the perpetrators of this act has been discovered, but robbery is supposed to be the motive of the deed. She poverty stricken, and dependent on neighbors for support.

The Spanish Cabinet has agreed to deliver to the United States Government the steamship Virginius and all the the steamship Virginius and all the persons remaining alive who were captured with her, leaving the question whether the seizure of the vessel was legal to be settled hereafter by a based tribunal. The question whether damages be paid to the families or relations of the prisoners who were shot is also to be settled in a similar manner. The decision was not arrived at by the Government before it had confidentally consulted with the powers of Europe, and was informed by all of them that repara-tion was due for the capture of the steamer and the execution of the captives. The decision is also in comforml with the opinions of the leading Spanish statesmen of all parties, to whom the question was submitted by the Government.

After being taken to Blackwell's Island Saturday William M. Tweed was asked the usual questions as to name, ege, occupation etc. by the Recording Clerk. He answered that he was aged fifty, by occupation was "a statesman" and had no religion. As his family are protestants he was recorded as a protestant. Being weighed he was found to bring down the scale at two hundred and sixty three pounds. After being taken to the bath, his head was shaved in the regulation Penitentiary style and he was arrayed in the full striped uniform of a convict. He had two letters from New York city physicians recom-mend him to be put in the hospital, but atter a careful examination by the Penitentiary physician he was consigned to a common cell like all other felous and numbered 34. Jacket given him to wear is known at the Penitentiary as a larceny jacket. His son stayed with him until he was led to his cell, when with a few friends and reporters he left

New Advertisements. onday, Dec, 1st, 1873!

A FEARFUL

Reduction = Prices

My entire Stock Marked Down-now

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Ladies, Look at This!

Best Shilling Calicoes are now Muslins at....... 8 and 10 Good Canton Flannel at.....12 Best Gingham, sold before at

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I would call special attention to my large lot of

Heavy Winter Shawls AND

WHITE AND GRAY BLANKETS, Which I am Selling at very Low Prices.

Carpets and OH Cloths, AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.

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Are Selling Very Low:

And all other Goods in Proportion.

BANK STREET.

LEHIGHTON. - - - PENN'A. TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN

All persons are hereby fortid harles ing or trust-ing BENJAMIN MOYER after this date, under penalty of the law.

OBORGE MANYPENNY.

Nov. 29, 1873. w3 Lehighton, Pa

New Advertisements.

NOTICE is hereby given, in accordance with the laws of this Commonwealth, that articles of association for the incorporation of "Ebenezer's Chorch of the Evangelical Association," of Weissport, Pa., have been presented to the Court of Common Pieas for the County of Carbon, and the said Court having perused and examined the same, and the objects, reticles and conditions therein set forth appearing lawful and not injurious to the community, the Court directed that the said writing be filed in the Office of the Prothonotary, and that notice be inserted in one newspaper in said county, once a week, for at least three weeks, setting forth that an application has been made to grant Charter of Incorporation, and it no sufficient reason be shown to the contrary, on or before the first day of next the said Court will grant the Charter prayed for. From the Record.

THOMAS KEMERER,

Prothonotary. W. M. RAPSHER, Att'y for Petitioners.

Dec 6-w3 The Best Paper! Try It!

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DUBLIC SALE

OF VALUABLE Real Estate!

The undersigned will offer at Public Sale, on the premises, late of DANIEL SOLT, dec'd, in FRANKLIN Township, Carbon County, Pa., on

Monday, December 15, 1873. at ONE o'clock P. M., the following described Real Estate, to wit : That certain piece of Land, containing 55 acres and 104 perches, be the same more or less, situated in Franklin township aforesaid, about 25 acres of which are Cleared and the balance of 30 acres is good TIMBER LAND, consisting of White Oak, Pine, &c. The land when cleared is admirably adapted for Farming purposes, being a port on of the well-known farm of the late Daniel Soit. Terms will be made known at time and pine of sale, by WM. SOLT and

SOL. SOLT. Franklin twp., Nov. 29, 1873-w3*

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Miss Lizzie Kramer Has just received and opened a spleadid ssortment of the Newest and most Fashionable Designs in

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For Spring and Summer Wear, such as LADIES' HATS & BONNETS, TRIMMINGS, NOTIONS, &c., &c. to which she calls the especial attention of the Ladies of Lehighton and vicinity. All Goods Warranted to be as repre-

Store, opposite the "Carbon Advo-cate" office, Bankway, Lehighton, Pa. April 13, 1873-m3.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

REAL ESTATE OF JOHN BRADY. REAL ESTATE OF JOHN READY.

Public notice is hereby given to all interested in
the distribution of the proceeds of the sale of the
real satate of John Brady, into of Peon Haves,
Carbon County, Pa., that the Auditor will satisful
to the duties of his appointment on SATURDAY,
DECEMBER Sith, A. D. 1873, At his Office, at the
Massion House, Mauch Chunk, at 9 o'clock A. M.
R. R. SIEWERS, Auditor.

Novumber 22, 1873.—v4 New Advertisements.

Cushing's Manual

Of Parliamentary Practice.

Rules of proceeding and debats in deliberative assemblies. An indispensible hand back for creey member of a deliberative body, and the authority in all the States.

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